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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/716,042 11/17/2000		11/17/2000	Robert D. Briggs	PA000456	7621	
23696	7590	02/24/2004		EXAMINER		
Qualcom	nm Incorpo	orated	D AGOSTA, S	D AGOSTA, STEPHEN M		
	epartment rehouse Dri	ive	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
San Diego, CA 92121-1714				2683	70	
				DATE MAILED: 02/24/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/716,04	<b>12</b>	BRIGGS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Stephen N	И. D'Agosta	2683				
The Period for Rep	MAILING DATE of this communica ly	tion appears on the	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
THE MAILII  - Extensions of after SIX (6) N  - If the period fi  - If NO period fi  - Failure to rep Any reply reco	NED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAtime may be available under the provisions of 3 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication reply specified above is less than thirty (30) do or reply is specified above, the maximum statute y within the set or extended period for reply will, sived by the Office later than three months after term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION.  TOFR 1.136(a). In no evication.  ays, a reply within the state only period will apply and will, by statute, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply be tin utory minimum of thirty (30) day ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠ Resp	onsive to communication(s) filed o	on <i>04 February 20</i>	<u>03</u> .					
2a)⊠ This a								
3)☐ Since	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
close	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of	Claims							
4)⊠ Claim	(s) <u>4-16, 20 and 29-30</u> is/are pen	ding in the applica	tion.					
4a) Ot	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)☐ Claim	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim	Claim(s) <u>4-16,20,29 and 30</u> is/are rejected.							
7)☐ Claim	(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim	(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or election r	equirement.					
Application Pa	pers							
9)∐ The sp	pecification is objected to by the E	xaminer.						
10) <u></u> The di	rawing(s) filed on is/are: a	) ☐ accepted or b)	objected to by the I	Examiner.				
Applic	ant may not request that any objectio	n to the drawing(s) t	e held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Repla	cement drawing sheet(s) including the	e correction is requir	ed if the drawing(s) is ob	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d	).			
11) The o	ath or declaration is objected to by	y the Examiner. No	ote the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	wledgment is made of a claim for b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority doc Certified copies of the priority doc Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International e attached detailed Office action for	cuments have bee cuments have bee the priority docume Bureau (PCT Rul	n received. n received in Applicati ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)	0,, 1,,=================================		»□	-				
	erences Cited (PTO-892) ftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-	-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
_	Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO			atent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 4-16, 20 and 29-30 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

<u>Claims 4-16, 20 and 29-30</u> rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jansen further in view of Rieken US 6,009,154 and Ronen US 5,845,267 (hereafter Rieken and Ronen).

As per <u>claims 4 and 29</u>, Jansen teaches a method to invoice users (title is "payper use") for information accessed using a communication network comprising:

Placing a first location in communication with a remote second location (figures 1 and 2 show the Kiosk being connected to a remote computer/building)

Transferring information having at least one associated cost from second to first location, wherein transfer occurs prior to payment of the at least one associated cost being made for the information (figure 10, #254 shows payment method can be PRE-PAY, POST-PAY or FREE)

Debiting the first location for the selected information after the information is transferred (figure 10, #300, 302, 304 and 306 calculating cost of the transfer and submitting usage record to database and receipt being printed, also C10, L23-32, specifically L28-32).

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Recording associated costs at the first location and Communicating recorded costs from first location to an invoice location (figure 1 shows a Kiosk containing a computer processor, #14 which is further detailed in figure 4. Figure 2 shows a central server, #26 which is further detailed in figure 3. Both figures contain computers which are known in the art as being capable of recording/storing data on the processor and can communicate via comm. links shown in figure 1, #24/28. Figure 3 shows a database, #62 that contains billing records – these records can be recorded at either the Kiosk and/or at the central computer).

Communicating a debit charge from the second location to the invoicing location after the selected information is transferred (C3, L15-61, specifically L38 teaches a credit card reader to allow the user to be debited at the first location which is transferred through the central computer of figure 2 to a credit card company. One skilled in the art would provide for the debiting to be supported anywhere in the system).

Generating an invoice (figure 10, 300-306)

Communicating the invoice to a party responsible for satisfaction of the invoice (figure 10, #306 generates invoice/receipt for user at Kiosk)

**But is silent on** Comparing the recorded debits from the first location with the debits from the second location,

Rieken teaches flexible rate charging (figure 2) that involves negotiation between the user (eg. first location) and the service provider (eg. second location) for billing purposes. The examiner interprets this as reading on the claimed limitation of "comparing debits from first location with the debits from the second location". In essence, this can be viewed as an error-checking function and/or a way of gaining agreement from both users/ends (ie. on the price to be charged, on the amount of data downloaded, etc.).

With further regard to claim 8, Jansen teaches the ability to view, download and print many different types of information (C1, L45-63, specifically L62-63) <u>but is</u> <u>silent on</u> and the ability to charge independently of the amount of time used. Ronen teaches billing based on a transaction and not amount of time (abstract and Column 6,

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Table 2 shows a bill with a \$.50 charge to use the phone and \$25 to download software).

With further regard to claims 14 and 25, Jansen teaches a computer/DSP system with storage (Kiosk in figure 1 and #14 is a computer with storage that executes code/instructions) communicating all costs from the first location to an invoicing location, generating an invoice and communicating the invoice to a party responsible for the satisfaction of the invoice (figure 4 shows a credit card reader and printer to print invoice/receipt, and figure 10 shows pay-for-use service #304 and print receipt #306 which is for the user) but is silent on and charging a debit to the first location each instance the copy is used at the first location, independently of the amount of time used. Ronen teaches billing based on a transaction and not amount of time (abstract and Column 6, Table 2 shows a bill with a \$.50 charge to use the phone and \$25 to download software). One skilled understands that the first location would be billed for each instance the copy is downloaded/used at the first location.

With further regard to <u>claim 30</u>, Jansen teaches a computer system (figure 1 Kiosk and network shown in figure 2) embodying machine-readable instructions (figure 1, #14 is a computer executing code/instructions).

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to modify Jansen, such that checking/comparing is performed, to ensure that errors do not occur between the two end users/systems.

As per **claim 5**, Jansen teaches claim 4 further comprising a wireless communication device (C3, L35-38).

As per **claim 6**, Jansen teaches claim 5 further comprising connecting first and second locations via the Internet (figure 2, #40 shows connectivity to the Internet)

As per **claim 7**, Jansen teaches claim 6, further comprising at least one cost for information access and one for each-use (title is "pay-per use", abstract and C2, L13-42).

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As per claim 9, Jansen teaches claim 1 further comprising:

Recording associated costs at the first location

Communicating recorded costs from first location to an invoice location (figure 1 shows a Kiosk containing a computer processor, #14 which is further detailed in figure 4. Figure 2 shows a central server, #26 which is further detailed in figure 3. Both figures contain computers which are known in the art as being capable of recording/storing data on the processor and can communicate via comm. links shown in figure 1, #24/28. Figure 3 shows a database, #62 that contains billing records – these records can be recorded at either the Kiosk and/or at the central computer).

As per claim 10, Jansen teaches claim 9 further comprising communicating a debit charge from the second location to the invoicing location after the selected information is transferred (C3, L15-61, specifically L38 teaches a credit card reader to allow the user to be debited at the first location which is transferred through the central computer of figure 2 to a credit card company. One skilled in the art would provide for the debiting to be supported anywhere in the system).

As per **claim 11**, Jansen teaches claim 10, further comprising a wireless communication device (C3, L35-38).

As per claim 12, Jansen teaches claim 11, further comprising connecting first and second locations via the Internet (figure 2, #40 shows connectivity to the Internet)

As per **claim 13**, Jansen teaches claim 12 wherein the selected information is an application program (abstract teaches receiving a "file" and C1, L62 teaches Internet access which can provide download of programs via FTP, etc.). The examiner interpets any downloading of generic files as reading on an application program download as well.

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As per claim 15, Jansen teaches claim 14 wherein the another at least one associated cost is zero, wherein the copy of the designated information has an eachuse associated cost, and wherein the each-use associated cost is incurred each time the designated information is used (abstract teaches "cost-per-unit-time" and a usage cost based on "time" and "information in file").

As per **claim 16**, Jansen teaches claim 15 wherein the copy of the designated information is used at the first location (figure 1 shows data downloaded to Kiosk).

### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen M. D'Agosta whose telephone number is 703-306-5426. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8am to 5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bill Trost can be reached on 703-308-5318. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SMD 2-18-04

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